

## Safety Data Sheet

### KERACOLOR FF

Safety Data Sheet dated: 17/07/2024 - version 1



## 1. Identification

### GHS Product Identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: KERACOLOR FF

Trade code: 905N9990

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Ready prepared cement mortar

Uses advised against: Data not available.

### Supplier's details

Company: Mapei China Ltd

9/F, Linkchart Centre, 2 Tai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon

Tel: +852-21486816 - Fax: +852-25121328

Responsible: mapei@mapei.com.hk

### Emergency phone number

Tel: +852-21486816

## 2. Hazard identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation, Category 2

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage, Category 1

Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 May cause respiratory irritation.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Danger

#### Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### Other hazards which do not result in a classification

No other hazards

Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of respirable free crystalline silica (average diameter less than 10 micron in accordance with ACGIH) can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

This preparation contains cement. Contact between cement and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids) may cause irritation or burns.

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### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substances

Not Relevant

#### Mixtures

Mixture identification: KERACOLOR FF

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of GHS and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥25 - <50 %	portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	
≥1 - <2.5 %	calcium diformate	CAS:544-17-2 EC:208-863-7	Eye Dam. 1, H318	

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### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

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### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None in particular.

#### Special hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: N.A.

Explosive properties: ==

Oxidizing properties: N.A.

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- Use appropriate respiratory protection.

### Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Take up mechanically and dispose of according to local/state/federal regulations
- Scoop into containers and seal for disposal.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

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## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.
- Use localized ventilation system.
- Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
- Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
- Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
- Do not eat or drink while working.
- See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Always keep in a well ventilated place.
- Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

- None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

- Cool and adequately ventilated.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm CAS: 65997-15-1	COL	COLOMBIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IND	INDIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma
	IDN	INDONESIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
	IDN	INDONESIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL
	IDN	INDONESIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	MEX	MEXICO	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	PAN	PANAMA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> PEL
	PAN	PANAMA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	PAN	PANAMA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	PAN	PANAMA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	PER	PERU	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	ZAF	SOUTH AFRICA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	ZAF	SOUTH	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## AFRICA

ARE	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma
ARE	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Appropriate engineering controls: N.A.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness  $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness  $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Nitrile gloves are suggested (1,3 mm; 480 min). Not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

A dust mask (P2) should be worn if above exposure limits (EN 149)

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid

Color: various

Appearance: powder

Odour: cement like

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

pH (water dispersion, 10%): 12.00

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: N.A.

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Solid/gas flammability: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Relative density: N.A.

Solubility in water: partly soluble

Solubility in oil: insoluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Viscosity: N.A.

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

Data not available.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

## Incompatible materials

None in particular.

## Hazardous decomposition products

None.

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## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Contains cement. Cement gives a strong alkaline reaction with water and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids), therefore the contact with skin and eyes should be carefully avoided.

### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin irritation, Category 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Serious eye damage, Category 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3(H335)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

calcium diformate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 2650 mg/kg
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## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
calcium diformate	CAS: 544-17-2 - EINECS: 208- 863-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Brachydanio rerio >= 1000 mg/L 96h IUCLID

### Persistence and degradability

N.A.

### Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

### Mobility in soil

N.A.

### Other adverse effects

No Data found about other environmental hazard properties.

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## 13. Disposal considerations

## Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

### Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

### Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

### Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

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## 14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### UN number

N.A.

### UN proper shipping name

N.A.

### Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

### Packing group, if applicable

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

N.A.

Air (IATA):

N.A.

Sea (IMDG):

N.A.

### Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: N.A.

### Special precautions for user

N.A.

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

N.A.

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## 15. Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), Fifth revised edition.

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## 16. Other information

Code	Description
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

  

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

Insert here further consulted bibliography

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.